No.	CAS	Party	Line	(to)	Action	Current Text
2	bloc vote	Bündnis 90/Die Grünen	13	16	Move text up	With rising commodity prices and concerns over climate change, land has become increasingly valuable. Across the globe a new round of enclosure has resulted. Indigenous people and small farmers are often removed from land that they either own privately or via customary communal right have access to.
3	bloc vote	Bündnis 90/Die Grünen	16	16	add	
4	bloc vote	Bündnis 90/Die Grünen	18	19	replace (delete)	The European Green Party should oppose such land grabs, often for corporations and pension funds. Land grabs are a serious threat to food sovereignty and increase inequality.
6	bloc vote	Groen- Links	19		replace	"food sovereignty"
7	bloc vote	LMP Hungary	19		add	
8	bloc vote	Vihreät De Gröna	24	25	add	Affirms its support for indigenous peoples, peasants and their social movement allies in opposing land seizures.

9	ok as rephrased bloc vote	EGP Commit tee	33		add	
12	bloc vote	Vihreät De Gröna	39		add	The European Union and European countries should adhere to the Voluntary Guidelines on Responsible Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and Forests, adopted in May 2012 by the 128 countries of the UN Committee on World Food Security.
19	bloc vote	Bündnis 90/Die Grünen	54	54	add new point	
I	consensual tidy up will follow - rephrase		8	10	delete	This was justified by notions such as the 'tragedy of the commons' and ignorance of alternative systems of property rights.
5	vote	EELV France	18		add	often for corporations and pension funds
10	vote	EELV France	36		replace	The European Union and European countries should adhere to

	Split vote	EELV France	36	39	add	The European Union and European countries should adhere to the Voluntary Guidelines on Responsible Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and Forests, adopted in May 2012 by the 128 countries of the UN Committee on World Food Security.
13	vote	EELV France	41	42	replace point 2.	2. The European Union must oppose the sourcing of biofuels from land, which has been seized from local people, as is the case in countries such as Colombia and Indonesia
14	vote	Bündnis 90/Die Grünen	42	42	add	

15	text to be	EELV	44	45	roplace	3. The European Union should
13	shortened	France	77	1 3	replace	activate the 2004 EU Land
		rrance				I
	vote					Policy Guidelines, which at
						present it largely ignores.
16	vote	EELV	50		add	
		France			sentence	
17	vote	EELV	52	54	replace	The European Union should set
		France				up a registry of all EU public and
						private actors involved in large-
						scale land acquisitions abroad to
						promote transparency and
						progressive policy change.
						_
18	vote	EGP	54		add	
		Commit			444	
		tee				
						1

Proposed Amendment	Explanation/Comment
Seizured land often benefits corporations, pension funds and multinationals which produce on large-scale agrofuels and other agricultural commodities for export instead of food for the local population. The European Green Party opposes such land grabs. Land grabs are a serious threat to food sovereignty and increase inequality.	consequence of land grab and also the aspects should be mentioned. "Should" is too soft. Corporations and pension
"local food security, food sovereignty and global food justice" EGP should declare that land can not be treated according to the Free Movement of Capital principle. In case of land-market free market mechanisms should always be overruled by the principles of sustainability and social justice.	such as land grabbing, can create income and jobs in developing countries. The importance of fair trade, also for food-importing developing countries, is better reflected by the terms 'food security' and 'food justice'.
principles of sustainability and social justice peasants and their social movement allies in opposing land seizures, securing land rights and struggling for land reforms.	

"Cites as an example the Varela National Park and the Boloma Bijagós Archipelago, a UNESCO Biosphere Reserve in the state Guinea-Bissau in West Africa, where the Diola people and the unique ecosystem are at risk from threatened exploitation of the local mineral wealth, including oil extraction and and uranium mining, by commercial interests. the UN Committee on World Food Security and to the United Nations International convention on economic and social rights that calls for protection from forced eviction regardless of person's land tenure status - whether it is formal or informal. States have to eliminate discrimination related to informal tenure and to prevent, prohibit and eliminate discriminatory practices. "6. The EU Commission should temporarily suspend trade preferences on agricultural products in cases where human rights abuses are identified in the framework of land concessions."	For example in Cambodia we see serious human right violations during land grabs which increased since Cambodia was granted better market access for sugar cane by the EU. The Commission is reluctant to investigate and suspend the trade preferences.
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	As it stands, "this" refers to colonialism, but the
	concept of the tragedy of the commons was coined in 1968. Could possibly be rephrased instead of deleted.
often for corporations, sovereign and pension	
funds	other bodies mentioned
The European Union and European countries should acknowledge	

. The European Union and European countries Voluntary should acknowledge Guidelines on Responsible Governance of Tenure Forests, adopted in May 2012 by the 128 of Land, Fisheries and Forests, adopted in May countries of the UN Committee on World 2012 by the 128 countries of the UN Food Security is but a start. The EU should Committee on World Food Security is a first take the initiative to go from a voluntary level small step in a good direction. But, (as the text is voluntary! And not all authorities together with most NGOs farmers' organizations. underscore the voluntary nature of these Guidelines into their public aid. One may these guidelines as governments do add that the agreement of local chiefs is not not guarantee the cancellation of past always a guaranty. land concessions and the continuation of such land grabs. // Therefore the http://www.sosfaim.org/developpement-rural-EU and its Member States must FR-sosfaim-actucommit to condition their public aid to sosfaim fao terres foncier.htm the actual implementation of the **Guidelines.**

Guidelines Responsible on that the Voluntary Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and and conform their policy in line with the they Guideliness) to a regular EU policy by including

2. Given that the main source of the food prices' The EU policy should be placed into the larger spikes all over the world since 2006-07 have framework of food prices and the increase of come from the huge and increasing volumes of cereals & oilseeds devoted to agrofuels. The US and EU cereals and oilseeds devoted to goal is to stop all import of agrofuels (even agrofuels, the European Union must oppose the from « not grabbed lands ») and to stop the sourcing of biofuels from food products production of agrofuels in the EU worldwide, which clearly include lands grabbed from local people, as it is the case in countries such as Colombia and Indonesia, but also in the EU itself.

"We need strict sustainability criteria for the import of biofuel."

3. The 2004 EU Land Policy Guidelines to support As the text states the EU should clean up its land policy design and land policy reform processes in own backyard through applying the rules in the developing countries did not mention the issue of land grabs, its main focus being to encourage governments to foster farmers' participation in countries. E.g. the Romanian small holders do national land tenure reforms so that most farmers not receive direct aid since Romania's entry would have a secured long term access to land into the EU in 2007 as they own less than I ha However the EU should begin by cleaning up its own back yard given that the present Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) and the next one for 2014-20 have accelerated and will accelerate even more the dispossession of small farmers from their lands as a result of direct payments being proportional to the number of hectares. Thus the EU27 has lost 1.340 million of agricultural working units (AWU: equivalent full-time farmers) from 2008 to 2012, who have been part of the 8.847 million of increased unemployed during that period. Additionally the European Commission is expecting a further reduction of 3.344 million of AWU from 2008-12 to 2022! Moreover farmers with less than one hectare did not have access to direct payments, which was the case for 3/4 of Romanian farmers so that the number of AWU has declined by 607,000 from 2007 to 2012 or by 5.2%/year. No wonder that the EUI5 member states are complaining at the same time to be invaded by impoverished Romanians when they are themselves the main grabbers of Romanian land

EU as it proposes to do in the developping

..... of which their livelihoods depend. The first To apply these rules also in the framework of thing to do is clearly to stop imposing the totally the Economic Partnership Agreements unfair Economic Partnership Agreements (EPAs) to ACP countries as they would accelerate the dispossession of small family farmers as well as their very fragile small industries.

The European Union should set up a registry of Never to forget to do inside the EU what you all EU public and private actors involved in large-propose to do outside scale land acquisitions abroad and within the **EU** itself to promote transparency and progressive policy change. In addition we call on the newly elected **EGP** delegates the Global Greens Coordination to propose a global initiative by Green politicians and campaigners on this issue.

Requests our Green MEPs to call on the European Commission to raise the issue of exploitation of the Varela National Park with the Guinea-Bissau authorities and to seek to safeguard the integrity of the Park and its inhabitants.