

Amendments to R19: Need to reduce tensions and build confidence in the Eastern Mediterranean					
Nº	Lines	Tabled by	Original text	Proposed amendment	Explanation / comment
1	AM-1-7	Europe Ecologie - Les Verts		New title: Need to reduce tensions and build confidence in the Eastern Mediterranean, particularly on the part of the Turkish government	The text is rather centered on the activities of the Turkish government, which the current title does not reflect. For example, on oil exploitation, nothing is indicated on the agreements reached between the Lebanese and Israeli governments. The title given is just a suggestion; we can probably find another proposal.
2	AM-2-1	Federation of Young European Greens	In the current geopolitical circumstances, with the war raging on the European continent creating global repercussions, opening another front in a volatile region would be utterly irresponsible, disruptive, and eventually suicidal for	From line 1 to 3: In the current geopolitical circumstances, with the war raging on the European continent creating global repercussions, opening another front <u>escalating tensions and even risking an armed conflict</u> in a volatile region would be utterly irresponsible, disruptive, and eventually suicidal for	Specificity
3	AM-3-1	Federation of Young European Greens	continent creating global repercussions, opening another front in a volatile region would be utterly irresponsible, disruptive, and eventually suicidal for anybody attempting it. The European Green Party is watching with grave concern and condemns the intensifying escalations, including verbal aggression and	From line 2 to 5: continent creating global repercussions, opening another front in a volatile region would be utterly irresponsible, disruptive, and eventually suicidal for anybody attempting it. <u>destructive.</u> The European Green Party is watching with grave concern and condemns the intensifying escalations, including verbal aggression and	Tone was unnecessarily hyperbolic.
4	AM-3-10	BÜNDNIS 90/Die Grünen	continent creating global repercussions, opening another front in a volatile region would be utterly irresponsible, disruptive, and eventually suicidal for anybody attempting it. The European Green Party is watching with grave concern and condemns the intensifying escalations, including verbal aggression and	Delete from line 2 to 5: continent creating global repercussions, opening another front in a volatile region would be utterly irresponsible, disruptive, and eventually suicidal for anybody attempting it. The European Green Party is watching with grave concern and condemns the intensifying escalations, including verbal aggression and	

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5	AM-7-1	Die Grünen	violations of national airspace and territorial waters in the Eastern Mediterranean. We remain firmly convinced that sustainable dispute resolution can only be achieved through dialogue, diplomacy, and respect for international	Insert from line 6 to 8: violations of national airspace and territorial waters in the Eastern Mediterranean. In particular, we condemn Turkey's recent military attacks on autonomous Kurdish Territories in Syria and Irak. We remain firmly convinced that sustainable dispute resolution can only be achieved through dialogue, diplomacy, and respect for international	
6	AM-7-8	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	violations of national airspace and territorial waters in the Eastern Mediterranean. We remain firmly convinced that sustainable dispute resolution can only be achieved through dialogue, diplomacy, and respect for international	Insert from line 6 to 8: violations of national airspace and territorial waters in the Eastern Mediterranean orchestrated by the Turkish Government. We remain firmly convinced that sustainable dispute resolution can only be achieved through dialogue, diplomacy, and respect for international	Clarification.
7	AM-10-1	Federation of Young European Greens	The continued and extremely concerning deterioration of human rights, the weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to. Economic impasses and electoral insecurities cannot be addressed through escalation of hostile attitudes and	From line 10 to 14: The Turkish government should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to the continued and extremely concerning deterioration of human rights, the weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to. Economic impasses and electoral insecurities cannot be addressed through escalation of hostile attitudes and	Clarity, emphasis.
8	AM-10-2	BÜNDNIS 90/Die Grünen	The continued and extremely concerning deterioration of human rights, the weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to. Economic impasses and electoral insecurities cannot be addressed through escalation of hostile attitudes and provocations towards Türkiye's neighbours. The fact that those neighbours are EU Member States makes even more untenable the attitude of Türkiye, a candidate for EU accession and regional power which wants to be respected in Europe and beyond.	Delete from line 10 to 18: The continued and extremely concerning deterioration of human rights, the weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to. Economic impasses and electoral insecurities cannot be addressed through escalation of hostile attitudes and provocations towards Türkiye's neighbours. The fact that those neighbours are EU Member States makes even more untenable the attitude of Türkiye, a candidate for EU accession and regional power which wants to be respected in Europe and beyond.	

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9	AM-10-3	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	The continued and extremely concerning deterioration of human rights, the weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing	Insert from line 10 to 11: The continued and extremely concerning deterioration of human rights and press freedom, the backtrack in preventing and combating violence against women (withdrawal from the Istanbul Convention) , the weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing	Addition based on comments received informally.
10	AM-11-1	Federation of Young European Greens	The continued and extremely concerning deterioration of human rights, the weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently	Insert from line 10 to 12: The continued and extremely concerning deterioration of human rights, the weakening of the rule of law and of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently	Emphasis on the rule of law.
11	AM-12-1	Groen	weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to. Economic impasses and electoral	From line 11 to 13: weakening of democratic institutions, the struggling economy, and the growing climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government governments in the Eastern Mediterranean should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to. Economic impasses and electoral	
12	AM-13-1	Groen	climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to. Economic impasses and electoral insecurities cannot be addressed through escalation of hostile attitudes and provocations towards Türkiye's neighbours. The fact that those neighbours are EU Member States makes even more untenable the attitude of Türkiye, a candidate for EU accession and regional power which wants to be respected in Europe and beyond.	Delete from line 12 to 18: climate emergency are real concerns that the Turkish government should urgently turn its attention, energy, and resources to. Economic impasses and electoral insecurities cannot be addressed through escalation of hostile attitudes and provocations towards Türkiye's neighbours. The fact that those neighbours are EU Member States makes even more untenable the attitude of Türkiye, a candidate for EU accession and regional power which wants to be respected in Europe and beyond.	This paragraph is very one-sidedly putting the blame for the escalation and tension with Turkey. In order to achieve a credible call for reducing tensions and building confidence, this resolution should be more balanced.

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13	AM-16-1	Federation of Young European Greens	provocations towards Türkiye's neighbours. The fact that those neighbours are EU Member States makes even more untenable the attitude of Türkiye, a candidate for EU accession and regional power which wants to be respected in Europe and	From line 15 to 17: provocations towards Türkiye's neighbours. The fact that those neighbours are EU Member States makes even more untenable the attitude of Türkiye, <u>even more untenable</u> a candidate for EU accession and regional power which wants to be respected in Europe and	Setence structure.
14	AM-16-2	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	provocations towards Türkiye's neighbours. The fact that those neighbours are EU Member States makes even more untenable the attitude of Türkiye, a candidate for EU accession and regional power which wants to be respected in Europe and beyond.	From line 15 to 18: provocations towards Türkiye's neighbours. The fact that those neighbours are EU Member States makes even more untenable the attitude of Türkiye, a candidate <u>this attitude. Candidates</u> for EU accession and regional powers which wants to be respected in Europe and beyond. <u>must follow good and respectful relations with their EU neighbours. The policies of the Erdoğan government are unacceptable from this standpoint.</u>	
15	AM-35-1	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	Stress the paramount importance of peaceful conflict resolution in the Eastern Mediterranean and urge the governments of Türkiye, Greece and Cyprus to engage in constructive dialogue, stepping up efforts to finally resolve disputes over land and maritime borders, to commit to good neighbourly relations, international agreements and the peaceful settlement of disputes in accordance with the United Nations Charter;	From line 34 to 39: Stress the paramount importance of peaceful conflict resolution in the Eastern Mediterranean and urge the governments of Türkiye, Greece and Cyprus to engage in constructive dialogue, stepping up efforts to finally resolve disputes over land and maritime borders, to commit to good neighbourly relations, with good neighbourly relations, respect for international agreements and the peaceful settlement of disputes in accordance with the United Nations Charter;	Addition based on comments received informally from member parties and after internal consultations.
16	AM-39-1	Federation of Young European Greens	neighbourly relations, international agreements and the peaceful settlement of disputes in accordance with the United Nations Charter;	From line 38 to 39: neighbourly relations, international agreements and the peaceful settlement of disputes in accordance with the United Nations Charter ; <u>Charter with support of the EU, if necessary as a mediator within these dialogues and disputes;</u>	Adds the role the EU could play rather than simply demanding these disputes to be resolved.

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17	AM-39-2	Miljøpartiet De Grønne	<p>settlement of disputes in accordance with the United Nations Charter;</p> <p>plans for oil and gas exploration and extraction, as well as of nuclear energy use. We urge the Turkish government to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish</p>	<p>Insert after line 39:</p> <p>Call on for immediate stop of the military activities of Turkish armed forces in Syria and Iraq and call on them to withdraw immediately to the official, internationally recognised borders the Turkish Republic has with all its neighbours.</p> <p>From line 41 to 45:</p> <p>plans for oil and gas exploration and extraction, as well as of nuclear energy use. We urge the Turkish government governments to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond in order to stop the escalation of the tensions and prevent irrevocable harm to the nature. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish</p>	
18	AM-42-1	Federation of Young European Greens	<p>plans for oil and gas exploration and extraction, as well as of nuclear energy use. We urge the Turkish government to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish</p>	<p>From line 41 to 45:</p> <p>plans for oil and gas exploration and extraction, as well as of nuclear energy use. We urge the Turkish government to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond. We urge the governments of the region to cease any plans for or current extraction of fossil fuels in their regions as well as in the border regions and territorial areas of their neighbours, such as the drilling by Türkiye in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish</p>	<p>Focuses on the responsibility of all governments in this region to divest from fossil fuels, as stated in the beginning of the demand.</p>

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19	AM-42-2	BÜNDNIS 90/Die Grünen	plans for oil and gas exploration and extraction, as well as of nuclear energy use. We urge the Turkish government to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region.	From line 41 to 47: plans for oil and gas exploration and extraction, as well as of nuclear energy use. We urge the Turkish government to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region. <u>All countries need to increase the efforts to exploit the huge renewable energy potential of the region. We urge the Turkish government to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond.</u>	
20	AM-42-3	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	plans for oil and gas exploration and extraction, as well as of nuclear energy use. We urge the Turkish government to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region.	From line 41 to 47: plans for oil and gas exploration and extraction, as well as of nuclear energy use. We urge the Turkish government to abandon any plans or actual drilling for hydrocarbon extraction in the Exclusive Economic Zone of Cyprus and beyond. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region. <u>The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them.</u>	Proposed addition/revision based on comments received informally from EGP member/candidate member parties and after internal consultations.
21	AM-45-1	Federation of Young European Greens	Cyprus and beyond. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region.	From line 44 to 47: Cyprus and beyond. The future is in renewable energy sources and natural gas is not one of them. Instead of wasting limited resources, the Turkish government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region. <u>Instead of exploiting these unsustainable and environmentally detrimental resources, the governments of the region should focus on making use of the huge renewable energy potential available within this region together</u>	Again focuses on the responsibility of all governments in this region.

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22	AM-47-1	Die Grünen	the country has, like all countries in the region.	<p>Insert after line 47:</p> <p>Call on Turkey to immediately stop all military attacks on Kurdish autonomous regions in Syria and Irak and refrain from obstructing civil infrastructure.</p> <p>Condemn the obstruction of any civil infrastructure, including water supply, as a means of conflict.</p>	
23	AM-47-2	Federation of Young European Greens	government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region.	<p>Insert from line 46 to 47:</p> <p>government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region. We call on these three countries to seek out ways to utilise the blue and green economic potential of the Mediterranean together, integrating off-shore power generated into each-other's and the European interconnected grids, thereby taking a step, in true European fashion, to forming a symbiotic basis for peace.</p>	Emphasis on cooperation in the green transition.
24	AM-47-3	Federation of Young European Greens	government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region.	<p>Insert from line 46 to 47:</p> <p>government should focus on exploiting the huge renewable energy potential the country has, like all countries in the region. At the same time, we acknowledge the unfair burden this places on the countries in the region and therefore call on the European Union and its Member States to further work towards an interconnected energy infrastructure and network for the EU and its neighbours, and to prioritise the sharing of sustainable energies between high-producing countries in the EU with the countries in the region</p>	Adds the role the EU could and should play in the green transition of this region.
25	AM-47-4	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	the country has, like all countries in the region.	<p>Insert after line 47:</p> <p>Call for an immediate end to Turkish military operations in Syria and Iraq, and for the swift withdrawal of the Turkish armed forces from any territory outside the internationally recognised borders of the Turkish Republic.</p>	Proposed addition/revision based on comments received informally from EGP member/candidate member parties and after internal consultations.

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26	AM-48-1	Federation of Young European Greens	Stress that bilateral relations between Türkiye and its neighbours should be based on respect for each other's borders and on confidence-building	From line 48 to 49: Stress that bilateral <u>bi- and multilateral</u> relations between Türkiye and its neighbours <u>countries in this region</u> should be based on respect for each other's borders and on confidence-building	Emphasis on all countries in the region and their relations with each other.
27	AM-48-2	Groen	Stress that bilateral relations between Türkiye and its neighbours should be based on respect for each other's borders and on confidence-building measures , such as cultural exchanges, trade, and joint ventures in the economy but also in nature protection (coordinated management of protected areas on land and sea that cross state borders). Cultivating good neighbourly relations is the only viable long-term strategy for peace and prosperity for all in the region and for regional resilience in the face of interconnected crises, such as climate change, pandemics, food, and water and energy insecurity. The first to benefit from friendly bilateral relations should be the inhabitants of the border regions;	Delete from line 48 to 57: Stress that bilateral relations between Türkiye and its neighbours should be based on respect for each other's borders and on confidence-building measures, such as cultural exchanges, trade, and joint ventures in the economy but also in nature protection (coordinated management of protected areas on land and sea that cross state borders). Cultivating good neighbourly relations is the only viable long-term strategy for peace and prosperity for all in the region and for regional resilience in the face of interconnected crises, such as climate change, pandemics, food, and water and energy insecurity. The first to benefit from friendly bilateral relations should be the inhabitants of the border regions;	This paragraph is very one-sidedly putting the blame for the escalation and tension with Turkey. In order to achieve a credible call for reducing tensions and building confidence, this resolution should be more balanced.
28	AM-48-3	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	Stress that bilateral relations between Türkiye and its neighbours should be based on respect for each other's borders and on confidence-building	From line 48 to 49: Stress that bilateral relations between Türkiye and its neighbours <u>the countries of the region</u> should be based on respect for each other's borders and on confidence-building	Proposed addition/revision based on comments received informally from EGP member/candidate member parties and after internal consultations.
29	AM-49-1	Federation of Young European Greens	Stress that bilateral relations between Türkiye and its neighbours should be based on respect for each other's borders and on confidence-building measures , such as cultural exchanges, trade, and joint ventures in the economy but also in nature protection (coordinated management of protected	From line 48 to 51: Stress that bilateral relations between Türkiye and its neighbours should be based on <u>mutual</u> respect for each other's borders <u>other's sovereignty and peoples</u> and on confidence-building measures <u>the deepening of social, economic and intercultural ties</u>, such as <u>via</u> cultural exchanges, trade, and joint ventures in the economy but also in nature protection (coordinated management of protected	Emphasis on sovereignty and peoples than on borders, due to conflictual border claims, and thus stronger emphasis on working towards a peaceful resolution and relations with this in mind. Also emphasises improving relations holistically than on building confidence.

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30	AM-57-1	Esquerra Verda	relations should be the inhabitants of the border regions;	<p>Insert after line 57:</p> <p>Points out to the recurrent Human Rights' violation taking place internally in Turkey, and particularly the repression against the Kurdish community. Condemns the military interventions and recent bombings in Syria and Iraq.</p>	
31	AM-58-1	EGP Committee	<p>Call on all countries of the region to refrain from interfering with or curtailing the enjoyment of rights of refugees and migrants, who are being instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the</p>	<p>From line 58 to 64:</p> <p>Call on all countries of the region to refrain from interfering with or curtailing the enjoyment of rights of refugees and migrants, who are being instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used,</p> <p>uphold the rights of refugees and migrants, regardless of how they arrive in the region and which countries they travel through, in the interest of refugees and migrants but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the</p>	
32	AM-58-2	Greens/EF A Group in the European Parliament	<p>Call on all countries of the region to refrain from interfering with or curtailing the enjoyment of rights of refugees and migrants, who are being instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;</p>	<p>From line 58 to 66:</p> <p>Call on all countries of the region to refrain from interfering with or curtailing the enjoyment of rights of refugees and migrants, who are being instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;</p> <p>uphold the rights of refugees and migrants, regardless of how they arrive in the region and which countries they travel though, in the interests of refugees and migrants, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, have demonstrated remarkable solidarity with asylum seekers over many years;</p>	

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33	AM-58-3	GroenLinks	<p>Call on all countries of the region to refrain from interfering with or curtailing the enjoyment of rights of refugees and migrants, who are being instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;</p>	<p>See AM 53 for new proposed text (seperate resolution):</p> <p>Delete from line 58 to 66:</p> <p>Call on all countries of the region to refrain from interfering with or curtailing the enjoyment of rights of refugees and migrants, who are being instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;</p>	<p>Resolution 19, on the need to reduce tensions and build confidence in the Eastern Mediterranean, calls on all countries of the region to refrain from interfering with or curtailing the enjoyment of rights of refugees and migrants who are being instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>GroenLinks highly appreciates that the resolution addresses the protection of the rights of refugees and other migrants who arrive at the borders of the EU and the alarming developments concerning the instrumentalisation of migrants. However, since the main focus of Resolution 19 concerns complex geopolitical issues of a related, yet different nature, we feel that the issues concerning the human rights of asylum seekers and migrants should be discussed in a separate resolution. In this regard, it is important to note that these important topics have not yet been addressed separately in any of the other resolutions.</p> <p>For this reason, the amendment proposes to split Resolution 19 into one resolution dealing with the geopolitical tensions in the Eastern Mediterranean, and one Resolution addressing the protection of human rights of asylum seekers and migrants. For this separate Resolution, the amendment contains a suggestion for</p>
34	AM-61-1	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	<p>instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;</p>	<p>From line 60 to 66:</p> <p>instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;</p> <p><u>Protecting human lives and the dignity of all individuals should be the foremost consideration in the treatment of refugees and migrants before and once they have entered EU territory, with adequate provisions in parallel for the least possible disruption in the lives and livelihoods of receiving populations in the border regions, notably the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands;</u></p>	<p>Proposed addition/revision based on comments received informally from EGP member/candidate member parties and after internal consultations.</p>

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35	AM-62-1	Federation of Young European Greens	political parties in the region and beyond. The cost is too high for the very people, the desperate refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the	From line 61 to 64: political parties in the region and beyond. The <u>human</u> cost is too high for the very people, the desperate <u>those being instrumentalised, namely these</u> refugees and migrants who are being used, but also for <u>as well as</u> the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the	Equates refugees and migrants with local inhabitants. Removes dehumanising language.
36	AM-64-1	Federation of Young European Greens	migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;	From line 63 to 66: migrants who are being used, but also for the local inhabitants in the border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now; <u>We call special attention to those instrumentalised or caught within territorial disputes or political powerplays in the Aegean Islands, the EU-Turkey border, the Turkey-Syria border and Kurdistan, refugees and migrants crossing the Mediterranean Sea especially from Libya, and other border regions.</u>	Further expands on this beyond the focus on the Aegean Islands.
37	AM-65-1	EGP Committee	border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;	From line 64 to 66: border regions. This is particularly the case for the inhabitants of the Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now; <u>have demonstrated remarkable solidarity with asylum-seekers over many years;</u>	
38	AM-66-1	EGP Committee	themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;	Insert after line 66: <u>Call on all EU Member States to urgently step up solidarity efforts to face and stop the human tragedies currently unfolding at the EU external borders.</u>	

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39	AM-66-2	BÜNDNIS 90/Die Grünen	Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now;	From line 65 to 66: Aegean Islands who, apart from the normal challenges of island life, find themselves 'in the firing line', fortunately only metaphorically for now now. We condemn activities of national border police agencies that violate the human rights of refugees, e.g. by performing illegal pushbacks. There must be no support or toleration of such activities by the European border management agency Frontex.	
40	AM-69-1	Federation of Young European Greens	their quest for peace, security, cooperation, and mutual respect anchored in international law. Today, the immediate neighbours of each country are de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone	From line 68 to 70: their quest for peace, security, cooperation, and mutual respect anchored in international law. Today, the The immediate neighbours of each country are de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone	Unnecessary.
41	AM-70-1	BÜNDNIS 90/Die Grünen	in international law. Today, the immediate neighbours of each country are de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone but most of all the groups that promote them. We support the integration into the European Union of our immediate neighbours, but without	Delete from line 69 to 72: in international law. Today, the immediate neighbours of each country are de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone but most of all the groups that promote them. We support the integration into the European Union of our immediate neighbours, but without	
42	AM-70-2	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	in international law. Today, the immediate neighbours of each country are de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone but most of all the groups that promote them. We support the integration	Insert from line 69 to 71: in international law. Today, the immediate neighbours of each country are de facto its primary partners. Nationalism, revisionism and intolerance harm everyone but most of all the groups that promote them. We support the integration	Proposed addition/revision based on comments received informally from EGP member/candidate member parties and after internal consultations.
43	AM-71-1	Federation of Young European Greens	de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone but most of all the groups that promote them. We support the integration into the European Union of our immediate neighbours, but without	From line 70 to 72: de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone but most of all the groups that promote them especially ethnic, cultural, and national minorities in this region, particularly those instrumentalised as political pawns. We support the integration into the European Union of our immediate neighbours, but without	Nationalism affects the most vulnerable.

Amendments to R19: Need to reduce tensions and build confidence in the Eastern Mediterranean					
Nº	Lines	Tabled by	Original text	Proposed amendment	Explanation / comment
44	AM-71-2	Europe Ecologie - Les Verts	de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone but most of all the groups that promote them. We support the integration into the European Union of our immediate neighbours, but without concessions in terms of acceptance and implementation of the EU <i>acquis</i> . External relations must be adapted to the new circumstances created by the	Delete from line 70 to 74: de facto its primary partners. Nationalism and intolerance harm everyone but most of all the groups that promote them. We support the integration into the European Union of our immediate neighbours, but without concessions in terms of acceptance and implementation of the EU <i>acquis</i>. External relations must be adapted to the new circumstances created by the	This sentence implies that all immediate neighbors are entitled to enter the EU, as long as the <i>acquis</i> communautaire is accepted and implemented. The purpose of the resolution is not to discuss this point which therefore has no place in the resolution.
45	AM-73-1	Federation of Young European Greens	into the European Union of our immediate neighbours, but without concessions in terms of acceptance and implementation of the EU <i>acquis</i> . External relations must be adapted to the new circumstances created by the	Insert from line 72 to 74: into the European Union of our immediate neighbours, but without concessions in terms of acceptance and implementation of the EU <i>acquis</i> . A cautious return to the baseline of the 2000's and early 2010s is still within our memory and grasp, but this requires above all Turkey to show its espousal of and commitment to EU norms and values. External relations must be adapted to the new circumstances created by the	Further nuance.
46	AM-76-1	BÜNDNIS 90/Die Grünen	Oppose the logic of military power and its mechanisms and support policies to prevent conflicts and crises instead. We are seeking agreements for a	From line 76 to 77: Oppose the logic of military power and its mechanisms Oppose militaristic logics and support policies to prevent conflicts and crises instead. We are seeking agreements for a	
47	AM-77-1	Federation of Young European Greens	Oppose the logic of military power and its mechanisms and support policies to prevent conflicts and crises instead. We are seeking agreements for a mutual freeze or even a reduction in armaments, instead of a new arms race	Insert from line 76 to 78: Oppose the logic of military power and its mechanisms and support policies to prevent conflicts and crises instead. We are seeking agreements for the de-escalation of increasing militarisation of border regions and disputed territories, with the aim of striving towards a mutual freeze or even a reduction in armaments, instead of a new arms race	More realistic and grounded goals.

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48	AM-77-2	Oikologoi Prasinoi / Ecologist Greens	<p>Oppose the logic of military power and its mechanisms and support policies to prevent conflicts and crises instead. We are seeking agreements for a mutual freeze or even a reduction in armaments, instead of a new arms race that may lead to deteriorating living standards and instability in the region.</p> <p>Priority should be given to the definitive demarcation of maritime zones within the framework of international law and the EU <i>acquis</i> with possible recourse to the International Court of Justice in the Hague or to international arbitration in case a settlement cannot be reached through</p>	<p>From line 76 to 84:</p> <p>Oppose the logic of military power and its mechanisms and support policies to prevent conflicts and crises instead. We are seeking, including through agreements for a mutual freeze or even a reduction in armaments, instead of a new arms race that may would lead to deteriorating living standards, reduced social cohesion and greater instability in the region.</p> <p>Priority should be given to a pact for regional stability and mutual respect, the lifting of any threats such as Türkiye's casus belli against Greece, and the definitive demarcation of maritime zones within the framework of international law and the EU <i>acquis</i>, with possible recourse to the International Court of Justice in theThe Hague or to international arbitration in case a settlement cannot be reached through</p>	Addition based on comments received informally from EGP member/candidate parties and after internal consultations.
49	AM-81-1	Federation of Young European Greens	<p>region.</p> <p>Priority should be given to the definitive demarcation of maritime zones within the framework of international law and the EU <i>acquis</i> with possible</p>	<p>Insert from line 80 to 82:</p> <p>region.</p> <p>Priority should be given to the definitive demarcation of maritime boundaries, territorial waters, and zones within the framework of international law and the EU <i>acquis</i> with possible</p>	Expansion.
50	AM-82-1	Federation of Young European Greens	<p>Priority should be given to the definitive demarcation of maritime zones within the framework of international law and the EU <i>acquis</i> with possible recourse to the International Court of Justice in the Hague or to</p>	<p>Insert from line 81 to 83:</p> <p>Priority should be given to the definitive demarcation of maritime zones within the framework of international law and the EU <i>acquis</i>, striven for as much as possible via agreements made through peaceful constructive dialogue whereby the EU can provide assistance as a mediator in these dialogues where necessary, and, as a last resort, with possible recourse to the International Court of Justice in the Hague or to</p>	Adds the role the EU could play, emphasises first and foremost peaceful dialogues as mentioned above.
51	AM-86-1	Groen	<p>Reiterate that ending the Turkish occupation of the northern part of the Republic of Cyprus remains a priority. It should be done within the framework of decisions taken by the United Nations and the EU <i>acquis</i>, without military intervention by any country. We support the forces that seek rapprochement, on both sides.</p>	<p>Delete from line 86 to 90:</p> <p>Reiterate that ending the Turkish occupation of the northern part of the Republic of Cyprus remains a priority. It should be done within the framework of decisions taken by the United Nations and the EU <i>acquis</i>, without military intervention by any country. We support the forces that seek rapprochement, on both sides.</p>	This paragraph is very one-sidedly putting the blame for the escalation and tension with Turkey. In order to achieve a credible call for reducing tensions and building confidence, this resolution should be more balanced.

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52	AM-90-1	Federation of Young European Greens	without military intervention by any country. We support the forces that seek rapprochement, on both sides.	<p>Insert from line 89 to 90:</p> <p>without military intervention by any country. We support the forces that seek rapprochement, on both sides and solidly support their position on finalising a bi-zonal bi-communal federal solution to the Cyprus problem as articulated and agreed upon as a base in all UN peace talks since 1975. We further support single sovereignty for Cyprus as a country within this framework. We call for increased solidarity with Turkish Cypriots by the EU and that their fate is not left, as EU citizens, at the whims of an external government.</p>	
53	AM-90-2	GroenLinks	<p>Separate resolution proposal:</p> <p>Instead of original lines 58-66:</p> <p>No outsourcing of obligations to protect human rights of asylum seekers and migrants</p> <p>The European Greens are uncompromising on defending the rights of asylum seekers and migrants: we believe that the EU has a role to play in this respect, in terms of harmonizing legislation, defining common policies and ensuring their implementation.</p> <p>The ongoing initiatives of the EU and its Member States to keep out asylum seekers and migrants as much as possible so as to escape responsibility for protecting their rights, call for a principled response. We must acknowledge that outsourcing the responsibility of protecting asylum seekers and migrants as part of the EU's border management policy inevitably means giving up any guarantees of their human rights actually being protected. Any measure entailing such outsourcing should therefore principally be rejected.</p> <p>While the EU has established a Common European Asylum System, which inter alia lays down the criteria and procedures for establishing whether a person is eligible for international protection and the reception conditions for asylum seekers, a great number of EU Member States have shown persistent in avoiding to take responsibility for the effectuation of these rules. Indeed, pushbacks of asylum seekers and migrants by Member States, assisted by Frontex, have prevented them from exercising their right to seek asylum. In addition, the poor reception conditions of asylum seekers in a number of Member States, in some cases even qualified as violation of the prohibition of degrading treatment, as well as the misuse of Dublin proceedings by Member States, have discouraged asylum seekers from coming to the Member State concerned, or compelled asylum seekers to move to other Member States after their arrival.</p> <p>On top of this, non-EU states, such as Belarus and Morocco have recognised the unwillingness of EU Member States to take responsibility for the reception of asylum seekers and migrants as a profitable weak spot in the EU's external relations. This has led to the instrumentalisation of asylum seekers and migrants by these states for the purpose of achieving economic and political goals. The aim to avoid responsibility for the protection of asylum seekers and migrants should thus be considered as a direct cause of migrants not being assured of the non-refoulement principle, the prohibition of being subjected to degrading treatment, and of the protection of a number of other fundamental rights that are of particular importance in the context of asylum.</p> <p>The EU has nevertheless proven persistent in wanting to avoid taking on responsibility for the protection of the rights of asylum seekers and migrants. This follows from the numerous deals with non-EU states with the aim of externalising migration policies, the refusal of Member States to re-apply the country of first entry principle of the Dublin System that currently puts a disproportionate strain on those member states</p>	<p>Proposed amendment:</p> <p>The European Greens are uncompromising on defending the rights of asylum seekers and migrants: we believe that the EU has a role to play in this respect, in terms of harmonizing legislation, defining common policies and ensuring their implementation.</p> <p>The ongoing initiatives of the EU and its Member States to keep out asylum seekers and migrants as much as possible so as to escape responsibility for protecting their rights, call for a principled response. We must acknowledge that outsourcing the responsibility of protecting asylum seekers and migrants as part of the EU's border management policy inevitably means giving up any guarantees of their human rights actually being protected. Any measure entailing such outsourcing should therefore principally be rejected.</p> <p>While the EU has established a Common European Asylum System, which inter alia lays down the criteria and procedures for establishing whether a person is eligible for international protection and the reception conditions for asylum seekers, a great number of EU Member States have shown persistent in avoiding to take responsibility for the effectuation of these rules. Indeed, pushbacks of asylum seekers and migrants by Member States, assisted by Frontex, have prevented them from exercising their right to seek asylum. In addition, the poor reception conditions of asylum seekers in a number of Member States, in some cases even qualified as violation of the prohibition of degrading treatment, as well as the misuse of Dublin proceedings by Member States, have discouraged asylum seekers from coming to the Member State concerned, or compelled asylum seekers to move to other Member States after their arrival.</p> <p>On top of this, non-EU states, such as Belarus and Morocco have recognised the unwillingness of EU Member States to take responsibility for the reception of asylum seekers and migrants as a profitable weak spot in the EU's external relations. This has led to the instrumentalisation of asylum seekers and migrants by these states for the purpose of achieving economic and political goals. The aim to avoid responsibility for the protection of asylum seekers and migrants should thus be considered as a direct cause of migrants not being assured of the non-refoulement principle, the prohibition of being subjected to degrading treatment, and of the protection of a number of other fundamental rights that are of particular importance in the context of asylum.</p> <p>The EU has nevertheless proven persistent in wanting to avoid taking on responsibility for the protection of the rights of asylum seekers and migrants. This follows from the numerous deals with non-EU states with the aim of externalising migration policies, the refusal of Member States to re-apply the country of first entry principle of the Dublin System that currently puts a disproportionate strain on those member states</p>	<p>Explanation from R33 (deleting lines 58-66):</p> <p>Resolution 19, on the need to reduce tensions and build confidence in the Eastern Mediterranean, calls on all countries of the region to refrain from interfering with or curtailing the enjoyment of rights of refugees and migrants who are being instrumentalised to serve populist political objectives of governments and political parties in the region and beyond.</p> <p>GroenLinks highly appreciates that the resolution addresses the protection of the rights of refugees and other migrants who arrive at the borders of the EU and the alarming developments concerning the instrumentalisation of migrants. However, since the main focus of Resolution 19 concerns complex geopolitical issues of a related, yet different nature, we feel that the issues concerning the human rights of asylum seekers and migrants should be discussed in a separate resolution. In this regard, it is important to note that these important topics have not yet been addressed separately in any of the other resolutions.</p> <p>For this reason, the amendment proposes to split Resolution 19 into one resolution dealing with the geopolitical tensions in the Eastern Mediterranean, and one Resolution addressing the protection of human rights of asylum seekers and migrants. For this separate Resolution, the amendment contains a suggestion for a new text under the last current lines.</p>

Amendments to R19: Need to reduce tensions and build confidence in the Eastern Mediterranean					
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			<p><u>to renegotiate the country of first entry principle of the Dublin system that currently puts a disproportionate strain on those member states situated at the EU's external borders, and notably, the Commission proposal of December 2021 for an Instrumentalisation Regulation. The proposal introduces a mechanism which allows member states to derogate from their responsibilities under the EU asylum acquis in situations of "instrumentalisation" of migration. The proposal has been strongly criticised in a joint statement of 80 NGO's following a report by ECRE.</u></p> <p><u>Importantly, all the aforementioned EU initiatives are based on the assumption that it is in fact possible to externalise the responsibility for the protection of the rights of asylum seekers and migrants, or to leave the responsibility for the reception of asylum seekers to only a few Member States, without necessarily detracting from the protection of their fundamental rights. Indeed, the proposals to the migration deals, the Dublin Regulation and the Instrumentalisation Regulation, all stress the importance of securing the protection of human rights and therewith suggest that this is feasible.</u></p> <p><u>The problem with this view is that it fails to recognise that what is being outsourced here is not just any task, but a legal obligation. That it is impossible to outsource an international human rights obligation and be guaranteed of the protection of the human rights at stake, can be explained as follows: if the EU would choose to refuse to perform a task for which there is no legal obligation, this is self-evidently unproblematic. The same goes for outsourcing such a task. Indeed, a possible failure of the other party to fulfil the task has no serious consequences, since there was no real obligation to perform the task in the first place. This is different in case of an international or European legal obligation. The EU cannot just choose not to perform the task concerning the reception of asylum seekers who arrive at the borders of the EU, because this would come down to a clear and deliberate violation of its international or European legal obligations.</u></p> <p><u>In the same way, the EU cannot just outsource such an obligatory task and not care about the fulfilment of the task, because this would come down to deliberately accepting the violation of its obligations. Outsourcing a legal obligation therefore makes the EU vulnerable for manipulation. In addition, in case of a failure to perform the outsourced task, the EU has no means of pressuring the other party into committing to its obligations.</u></p> <p><u>The European Green Party calls on the EU to recognise that the human rights violations in the context of border controls and the reception of asylum seekers are the direct and inevitable result of attempts of EU Member States themselves wanting to escape responsibility for the protection of the human rights of asylum seekers and migrants by leaving this obligation to non-EU states or to only a few Member States.</u></p> <p><u>The European Green Party calls on the EU to acknowledge that outsourcing the responsibility of protecting the human rights of asylum seekers and migrants to other parties or to leave this responsibility to only a few Member States, inherently means giving up all guarantees of those human rights actually being protected, due to the leverage this provides to those other parties or Member States.</u></p> <p><u>The European Green Party calls on the European Commission to withdraw the proposal for an Instrumentalisation Regulation, in any case to the extent that the proposal allows member states to derogate from their responsibilities under the EU asylum acquis.</u></p> <p><u>The European Green Party calls on the European Parliament to reject the proposal for an Instrumentalisation Regulation, in any case to the extent that the proposal allows member states to derogate from their responsibilities under the EU asylum acquis.</u></p> <p><u>The European Green Party calls on the EU Member States, to focus on agreeing on reforms that support asylum systems to function effectively, and that protect fundamental rights, increase compliance and contribute to trust and solidarity among Member States.</u></p>		