

## CAS Amendments to draft resolution "A different vision of CAP"

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
1	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	1-3	replace	On A different vision of CAP: building food and farming systems that are fair, environmentally aware, healthy and caring across Europe and the world	From an industrial vision of CAP to a social and environmentally friendly vision of a Common Agricultural and Food Policy (CAFFP) : building sustainable food systems that are fair, viable, environmentally aware, healthy and caring across Europe and the world.	CAS <u>accepted as amended</u> : On A different vision of CAP: building food and farming systems that are fair, <b>socially just</b> , environmentally aware, healthy and caring across Europe and the world
2	Vihreät - De Gröna	6-7	add	The way we conduct agriculture has a major impact on both society and the environment.	The way we conduct agriculture has a major impact on both society and the environment <b>within and outside our European Union.</b>	<u>accepted to add</u> : within and outside the European Union.
3	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	9	replace	This is why we urge that a different <b>vision of CAP</b> is adopted	<b>Food is not only what we eat. It also impacts our land, our water, our climate and biodiversity as well as the balance of our territories and the relationships between rural and urban areas.</b> This is why we urge that a different <b>common food and agricultural policy</b> is adopted	CAS <u>accepted to add text on line 18</u> : Avoid negative impacts on water, soil and air
4	GGEP	14	add	Ensuring fair incomes for farmers	Ensuring fair incomes for farmers <b>and reducing inequalities between member states and regions</b>	accepted
5	GGEP	14	add	Mitigating climate change;	Mitigating <b>and adapting</b> to climate change;	accepted
6	GGEP	16	add		- cutting chemical inputs like pesticides and fertilisers as well as antibiotics	accepted
7	Miljöpartiet de Gröna	18	replace	Tackling biodiversity loss;	Tackling agriculture's contribution to biodiversity loss, acid rain and eutrophication;	accepted

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
8	GGEP	18	add	Reducing meat consumption	Reducing meat consumption <b>and the associated resource use, health and climate effects;</b>	accepted
9	Vihreät - De Gröna	25	add		- Ensuring fair trade and development options for farmers and local producers likewise in developing countries outside the EU.	withdrawn
10	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	34	replace	Investments in <b>sustainable</b> farming systems account for a mere 1.5%.	Investments in <b>organic</b> farming systems account for a mere 1.5%.	accepted
11	Vihreät - De Gröna	38-39	add	Pollution from pesticides and fertilisers used in agriculture are a major cause of poor water quality.	Pollution from pesticides and fertilisers used in agriculture are a major cause of poor water quality as well as a serious threat to the insects that are responsible of pollination of our crops, such as bees and other insects that have noticeably suffered from a decrease in numbers. We are at risk of loosing our cheapest and most devoted agricultural labour force by poisoning the insects ourselves, for the short term profits of agribusiness giants.	accepted as amended: Pollution from pesticides and fertilisers used in agriculture are a major cause of poor water quality <b>and substantial decrease of insects, such as bees, that are responsible of pollination of our crops.</b>
12	FYEG	50-52	add	Pesticide contamination, the large use of antibiotics in animal farming and unbalanced nutritional values result in additional healthcare costs for European citizens.	Pesticide contamination, the large use of antibiotics in animal farming and unbalanced nutritional values result in <b>public health issues, and therefore</b> additional healthcare costs for European citizens.	accepted
13	FYEG	54-55	add	If Europe does not make a determined step to create a sustainable food system, the cost to the European citizen will continue to increase.	If Europe does not make a determined step to create a sustainable food system, <b>public health is going to remain unsatisfactory and</b> the cost to the European citizen will continue to increase.	withdrawn

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
14	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	62-63	replace	Finally, we urge Europe to retake control of its food sovereignty, endangered by free trade agreements implemented under the influence of the neoliberal economic agenda.	Finally, we urge Europe to sustain and raise it's high quality food standards instead of participating in a race to the bottom that often results from free trade agreements implemented under the influence of the neoliberal economic agenda	accepted: Finally, we urge the EU to sustain and raise it's high quality food standards instead of participating in a race to the bottom that often results from free trade agreements implemented under the influence of the neoliberal economic agenda
15	GroenLinks	74	add	(...) guarantee good-quality sustainable and local food for all Europeans.	(...) guarantee good-quality sustainable, <b>healthy</b> and local food for all Europeans.	accepted
16	FYEG	74	add	The new CAP must guarantee good-quality sustainable and local food for all Europeans.	The new CAP must guarantee good-quality sustainable and local food for all Europeans <b>while guaranteeing fair incomes for farmers.</b>	withdrawn
17	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	74-76	replace	In the long run, the goal should be 100% organic production and complete European food sovereignty based on import resilience.	In the long run, the goal should be 100% agro-ecological methods and complete European food sovereignty based on fair trade.	CAS text accepted as amended: In the long run, the goal should be <b>to achieve a complete agro-ecological transformation, that includes 100% organic production, and full</b> European food sovereignty based on import resilience <b>and fair trade.</b>
18	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	76	add		The CAP must strive to maintain a maximum number of farms and provide a fair income to farmers and farm workers.	accepted to add at the end of Para 4.

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
19	GroenLinks	80-81	add	Direct payments must give a clear priority to farms applying organic and agro-ecological principles (see Annex I and II).	Direct payments must give a clear priority to farms applying organic and agro-ecological principles (see Annex I and II), <b>and shifting from meat and dairy production to more plant-based food production.</b>	withdrawn
20	GGEP	80-81	replace	Direct payments must give a clear priority to farms applying organic and agro-ecological principles (see Annex I and II).	CAP payments must be based on results, linking them to criteria such as providing quality jobs, improving soil and water quality or animal welfare, boosting biodiversity. Payments must give a clear priority to farms applying organic and agro-ecological principles (see Annex I and II).	accepted
21	GGEP	83	replace	Rebalancing Pillars 1 and 2: transfers from Pillar 2 to Pillar 1 should be prohibited, giving a clear strategic priority to <b>Pillar 2.</b>	Rebalancing Pillars 1 and 2: transfers from Pillar 2 to Pillar 1 should be prohibited, giving a clear strategic priority to <b>rural development and so investing in infrastructure for rural communities and farmers</b>	withdrawn
22	Miljöpartiet de Gröna	84	add	Pillar 2 payments must be based on impact...	Pillar 2 payments must be based <b>more</b> on impact...	withdrawn
23	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	86	add	New bullet point	Actually, part of the agricultural production occurs in the industrial and not in the agricultural field. Industrial farming is not agriculture, it is industry, and thus should not benefit from the CAP. It is necessary to reorientate 50 % of the budget on the institutional catering of closeness. The rest, has to concentrate on organic farming and those whose livelihood it is, with very strict requirements and a criterion of installation / transmission.	CAS accepted to add: Because of the social destruction it leads to and the disaster it represents as far as biodiversity is concerned, it is worrying that agro-industrial farming should benefit so much from the CAP. Therefore, the budget should be reoriented so as to benefit more organic farming and short food chains.

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
24	FYEG	88-93	replace	Making agriculture profitable: a key demand is fair, remunerative prices for farmers that cover production costs, alongside fair retailer and supermarket contracts. Farmer autonomy and input independence should be promoted. We need to	Making agriculture profitable : farmers should be able to earn a decent income through fair and remunerative prices that <b>cover</b> production costs. Farmer autonomy and input independence should be promoted. The EU needs to mitigate volatility through a supply management system that matches supply with EU demand. <b>A mandatory limitation on production must be applied when the market is unbalanced. Smart custom duties mechanisms should be put in place to adapt imports and exports to the European domestic demand. Insurance-related tools are not a good solution and should not be financed by CAP.</b>	CAS <u>accepted to add in line 135:</u> Insurance-related tools are not a good solution and should not be financed by CAP.
25	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	88-93	replace	mitigate volatility through a supply management system that matches supply with EU demand. A mandatory limitation on production must be applied when the market is unbalanced. We demand the status of women is reinforced and special incentives for young farmers.	Making agriculture profitable : farmers should be able to earn a decent income through fair and remunerative prices that <b>exceed</b> production costs. Farmer autonomy and input independence should be promoted. The EU needs to mitigate volatility through a supply management system that matches supply with EU demand. <b>Without lowering their income a mandatory limitation on production might be applied when the market is unbalanced. Strong social criterias should be implemented. The respect of human and social rights of agricultural workers (especially migrant workers and seasonal workers) should be a condition to receive CAP subsidies. We demand special incentives for young farmers.</b>	CAS <u>accepted to replacethe first sentence'</u> : Making agriculture profitable : farmers should be able to earn a decent income through fair and remunerative prices that <b>exceed</b> production costs. CAS <u>accepted to add in line 139:</u> <b>The respect of human and social rights of agricultural workers should be a condition to receive CAP subsidies.</b> CAS <u>accepted to delete text in point 4 to be addressed in a separate point:</u> We demand the status of women is reinforced and special incentives for young farmers.
26	FYEG	88	move the point		Move the point 4 before between point 1 and 2.	withdrawn

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
27	GroenLinks	88	Add a new point before current point 4		4. Making agriculture environmentally sustainable: reduce and contain the harmful effects of agriculture on the environment. Set ambitious targets for the reduction of ammonia, nitrate and other harmful emissions, for reducing the use of pesticides and chemical fertilisers, and for the closing of nutrient cycles. Impose strict limits on the use, transportation and export of manure. The biodiversity and quality of the soil, water and air on and around the farmland should be closely monitored and well-documented.	add in the end of line 113 (reformulated): closing nutrient cycles, replace 'reducing' by 'abolishing' in line 110
28	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	90	delete	We need to mitigate volatility through a supply management system that matches supply with EU demand. <b>A mandatory limitation on production must be applied</b> when the market is unbalanced	We need to mitigate volatility through a supply management system that matches supply with EU demand <b>to avoid crisis</b> when the market is unbalanced.	accepted

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
29	Europe Ecology Les Verts	92	Add a new bullet point to replace the first part of the sentence, but keep the second part	We demand the status of women is reinforced and special incentives for young farmers. ( keep the second part + new bullet point)	There are more and more women at the head of farms and an increasing number are sole responsible for the agricultural holding. They are generally older than men and their farms are smaller. They also prove to be the driving force for the development of new activities. The new CAP should definitely have a serie of measures aiming at improving the access of women to the means of production.	<u>CAS text accepted after point 10 two points:</u> Youth access: The CAP should offer possibilities to help young and new farmers to buy land and start a farm. A bureaucratic simplification must be applied to facilitate the generational change in farms. Gender equality: Acknowledging the women as driving force for development of innovative activities, the new CAP should support women in rural areas by, inter alia, providing social services and special incentives to encourage them taking part in the decision-making process especially within the LEADER framework.
30	GroenLinks	94	add		Farmers should also be better compensated for measures they take for wildlife and nature conservation, for sustainable water and soil management and for limiting nuisances for other inhabitants and visitors of the countryside. Furthermore, they should be better enabled to combine farming with other profitable services such as the production of sustainable energy and ecological tourism.	CAS accepted I to add in line 94: CAP must allow and support the combination of farming with other profitable services such as the production of sustainable energy and ecological tourism.

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
31	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	94	add	New bullet point	A Green Management : The next CAFP has to ban the insurance-related tools. They do not work, except for industrial production. But we do need a community protection of the markets. Smart custom duties mechanisms should be put in place to adapt imports and exports to the European domestic demand. This is something that has proven its efficiency (1957 to 1994).	withdrawn
32	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	98	add	New bullet point	Stop food wastage : Around 88 million tonnes of food are wasted annually in the EU, with associated costs estimated at 143 billion euros. Wasting food is not only an ethical and economic issue but it also depletes the environment of limited natural resources. The question must be addressed : Target incentives might be withdrawn if and when the policy is not observed	CAS accepted to add "88 million tonnes" in line 43
33	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	99-101	replace	6. A 'do no harm' policy: external effects of the CAP on developing countries should be significantly cut and monitored. European production for domestic consumption must be favoured over exportation.	6. A 'do no harm' policy: Export- external effects of the CAP on developing countries should be significantly cut and monitored. Export-oriented policies must stop. Subsidies that favours, even indirectly, must be cut (or counterbalanced by a taxation on exports). European production for domestic consumption must be favoured over exportation.	CAS accepted: A 'do no harm' policy: external effects of the CAP on developing countries should be significantly cut and monitored. European production for domestic consumption must be favoured over exportation. <b>Subsidies that favour exportation, even indirectly, must be cut.</b>
34	FYEG		replace	consumption must be favoured over exportation.	6. A 'do no harm' policy: Export- external effects of the CAP on developing countries should be significantly cut and monitored. Export-oriented policies must stop and subsidies that favours exports, even indirectly, must be cut or counterbalanced. European production for domestic consumption must be favoured over exportation.	

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
35	Vihreät - De Gröna		add		A 'do no harm' policy: external effects of the CAP on developing countries should be significantly cut and monitored. European production for domestic consumption must be favoured over exportation. Keeping CAP as an EU level policy will help in taking into account the farmers and other local agricultural companies of developing countries, in negotiating trade agreements EU-wide, and in negotiating import/export rules that favour ecologically and socially responsible agriculture, actors, and societies.	CAS accepted to add: Keeping CAP as an EU level policy will help negotiating import/export rules that favour ecologically and socially responsible agriculture, actors, and societies.
36	GGEP	101	add	...favoured over exportation.	...favoured over exportation: <b>this will also allow us to reduce our EU farming and consumption footprint.</b>	withdrawn
37	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	103-104	replace	EU vegetable protein production through CAP incentives must be increased.	EU protein autonomy should be reinforced by reducing the production of meat, especially in export-orientated intensive farms, and by increasing the production of EU Vegetable proteins through CAFP incentives. Public policies should also aim at promoting vegetarian diets.	withdrawn
38	FYEG		replace		EU protein autonomy should be reinforced by reducing the production of meat and dairy, especially in export-orientated intensive farms, and by increasing the production of EU Vegetable proteins.	accepted
39	GGEP	104-106	add	We request implementation of a protein strategy that replaces imported soya with home-grown leguminous crops as part of a longer rotation on all arable land, stimulating local and regional feed markets.	We request implementation of a protein strategy that replaces imported soya, <b>which drives land grabbing and destruction of tropical forests and savannah</b> , with home-grown leguminous crops as part of a longer rotation on all arable land, stimulating local and regional feed markets.	accepted
40	GGEP	106	add		We should also seek to reduce meat production and consumption , prioritising pasture-based grazing and working within the limits of the carrying capacity of EU ecosystems .	Accepted as amended: Pasture-based grazing should be prioritised.

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
41	Miljöpartiet de Gröna	109	add	regarding chemical products used in agriculture to substances that risk endangering human...	regarding chemical products used in agriculture <b>more stringently</b> to substances that risk endangering human...	accepted
42	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	113-115	add	Production standards: set more coherent production standards in terms of sustainability, local traditions and animal welfare goals, and promote standards that favour small agro-ecological farms over industrial farming.	Production standards: The helps received through the CAP must enable a change of practices, and give more support to vegetable quality productions to the detriment of animal and sugar production. The EU must set more coherent production standards in terms of sustainability, local traditions and animal welfare goals, and promote standards that favour small agro-ecological farms over industrial farming.	withdrawn
43	GroenLinks	114	add	(...) local traditions and animal welfare goals (...)	(...) local traditions, <b>health and safety</b> and animal welfare goals (...)	accepted
44	Miljöpartiet de Gröna	115	add		Member States should be allowed to compensate farmers for higher costs due to measures that go beyond EU regulation.	accepted
45	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	115	add	promote standards that favour small agro-ecological farms over industrial farming.	promote standards that favour small agro-ecological farms over industrial farming. <b>Due to over exploitation and wrong use, the soils have been impevorished in humus and carbon. In its next CAP, the EU must demand a longer rotation, with a minimum crop rotation system of 5 years.</b>	withdrawn
46	FYEG	120	add new point		Women : The role of Women in Agriculture is important but not well recognised. For example, many women work on the land of their husband unofficially and therefore have no social protection. CAP should help recognizing the social rights of women in Agriculture.	withdrawn

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
47	FYEG	120	add new point		Youth : More and more young people want to become landworkers, most of them being aware of the necessity to adopt sustainable ways of producing food. But many of them face extreme difficulties to have access to land. While the Member states should implement better protection against land grabbing and concentration, the CAP should offer more possibilities to help young farmers to buy land and during their first years of activity.	withdrawn
48	FYEG	120	add new point		Social conditionality : Strong social criterias should be implemented. The respect of human and social rights of agricultural workers (especially migrant workers and seasonal workers) should be a condition to receive CAP subsidies.	withdrawn
49	FYEG	124-126	replace	Low-tech methods can be equally or more effective, are certainly more appropriate for smaller or remote upland farms, and engender less debt or input dependency	These technologies should only be implemented complementary to or reenforcing the results of low-tech methods that engender less debt or input dependencies than big machinery, certainly for smaller or remote upland farms. Development of new big data techniques or precision agriculture should be transparent, preferably open source and with the participation of the farmers, to ensure farmer autonomy.	CAS accepted as amended: Development of new big data techniques or precision agriculture must be transparent, open source and with the participation of the farmers, to ensure farmer autonomy.

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
50	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	128	add	Research and training: teaching agro-ecological practices must be mandatory in professional agricultural training.	Research and training: Revitalize an independent public research, centered on agroecology, which is the only way to resist durably, with, as a bonus, independent ways of publishing the discoveries towards the populations; teaching agro-ecological practices must be mandatory in professional agricultural training.	CAS accepted as amended: Research and training: teaching agro-ecological practices must be mandatory in professional agricultural training and promoted through the Farming Advisory System (FAS).
51	Miljöpartiet de Gröna	133	add		Support the development of animals and seed varieties more adapted to environmentally friendly production methods.	CAS accepted to add in line 142
52	GroenLinks	139	add		The CAP should also be coherent with objectives for wildlife and nature conservation, sustainable water management, a circular economy, public health, international cooperation and development, and the prevention and mitigation of climate change.	CAS accepted to add in line 139
53	FYEG	139	add		CAP policy objectives must be coordinated with rural development, regional development, environmental protection policies and other related programmes.	withdrawn
54	Bündnis 90/Die Grünen	139	add		To ensure coherence, farmers, consumers, and organisations representing animal welfare, climate, development, environment and health need to work closely together to elaborate the new policy. At EU level, several EP committees, EU Council formations and Commission DGs should be involved.	CAS accepted as amended: In order to ensure greater coherence between policy areas and governance levels the relevant EP Committees, EU Council formations and Commission DGs must be involved in the reform process.

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
55	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	141	add	15. Promote local seed use and exchange: promoting local seeds and facilitating their exchange and circulation is essential	15. Promote local seed <b>and animal breed</b> use and exchange: promoting local seeds <b>and animal breeds</b> and facilitating their exchange and circulation is essential	CAS accepted to add extra sentence: In addition, encourage the use of local traditional animal breed.
56	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	143	add	Incentives to local, established seeds, appropriate for the soil type, must be created through Pillar 2	Incentives to local, established seeds, appropriate for the soil type, must be created through Pillar 2. <b>The EU should require from the member states that they authorize local seeds and put an end to seed patents.</b>	withdrawn
57	GGEP	148	add	The absolute maximum distance from farm to slaughterhouse must be fixed at 300 km (4 hours travelling). Grassland livestock must be prioritised through better direct payments.	The absolute maximum distance from farm to slaughterhouse must be fixed at 300 km (4 hours travelling). <b>Live animal exports must be prohibited.</b> Grassland livestock must be prioritised through better direct payments.	CAS accepted to add: Live animal exports must be strictly regulated.
58	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	148-149	add	Grassland livestock must be prioritised through better direct payments.	Grassland livestock must be prioritised through better direct payments, <b>i.e. coupled payments.</b>	withdrawn
59	GGEP	149-150	replace	Antibiotics must be strictly regulated and be a condition of CAP aid.	<b>Grassland and pasture-based grazing livestock must be prioritised through better targeting of direct payments.</b> Antibiotics must be strictly regulated and <b>action against AMR must</b> be a condition of CAP aid.	CAS accepted as amended: Grassland and pasture-based grazing livestock must be prioritised through better targeting of direct payments. Promote animal husbandry methods of raising animals that improve animal health and welfare that thus decrease the
60	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	149-150	replace	Antibiotics must be strictly regulated and be a condition of CAP aid.	The use of antibiotics must be strictly regulated. Compliance to these regulations must be a condition for the granting of CAP aid.	

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
61	Europe Ecology Les Verts	149-150	replace	Antibiotics must be strictly regulated and be a condition of CAP aid.	It is necessary to have farms that control the number of animals thus lessening the recourse to antibiotics. In case of human pandemic, we have no more margin as we are using our last molecules in farming business. As far as pesticides are concerned, all carcinogenic, and probably carcinogenic molecules must be immediately banned. They represent 30% of 309 used molecules.	need for medication. The use of antibiotics must be strictly regulated and action against antimicrobial resistance (AMR) and compliance to these regulations must be a condition of CAP aid.
62	FYEG	151	add new point		Production of energy from biomass : the impact of the production of energy from agricultural biomass should be monitored with care. The production of first generation biofuel has increased land grabbing in many countries and subsidies for manure digesters currently fosters factory farming. CAP subsidies and Renewable energy incentives should not encourage the production of biofuel or biogas when it has a negative impact in Agriculture. On top of that, it has been proven time and time again that biofuels harm the environment more, not less.	CAS accepted as amended: Production of energy from biomass : CAP subsidies and renewable energy incentives should not encourage the production of bioenergy when it has a negative impact on environment and land use.

Nº	Party	Line	Action	Current Text	Proposed Amendment	CAS decision
63	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	152-154	replace	This can only be exceeded if the farm employs a large number of workers or has a significant social and environmental performance.	This can only be offset by high salary costs or a significant social and environmental performance.	withdrawn
64	FYEG	153	replace	if the farm employs a large number of workers <b>or</b> has a significant social and environmental performance.	if the farm employs a large number of workers <b>and</b> has a significant social and environmental performance	withdrawn
65	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	160-161	delete	The amount of farmers' money spent on administration for CAP subsidies must be reduced.		accepted
67	Bündnis 90/ Die Grünen	166	add		Objectives, sub-goals and specific indicators need to be defined to allow evaluation.	accepted
66	Europe Ecologie Les Verts	168	add	New bullet point	Food Council : Set up a food council at the EU level, in connection with the UN, and consisting of various representatives of different pannels of society, except for profit oriented lobbies so as to ease the merging of a truly sincere contract between organic, peasant farming and the civil society (non trading companies), including consumers/tax payers.	withdrawn
	EGP Committee	point 13	replace	should be eligible to get easy terms on EU loans	should be encouraged and supported to do so financially.	